

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF IMPLANTABLE NANOTUBE BASED SENSOR FOR CONTINUOUS BLOOD PRESSURE MONITORING

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Objective

 Design and Analysis of Implantable nanotube based sensor for continuous blood pressure monitoring - sensitivity



Introduction

- Blood pressure- force which is exerted by the blood on the walls of the blood vessels
- BP-expressed Systolic/diastolic (120/80)(mmHg)
- Sphygmomanometer common device
- Continuous monitoring kidney failure, stroke affected person
- Using nanotube based sensor



Structural design







- Base polyurethane
- Nanotube One end fixed- other end suspended
- Nanotube has the high young's modulus and high tensile strength
- Act as advantage



Working

- Blood flow
- Deflection
- Making a reference point for normal BP
- Displacement of the nanotube greater or smaller compare to the reference



Design parameters

- Length
- Thickness
- Material



Simulation and Analysis

- Physics applied solid mechanics
- By varying the parameter results can be analysed



Effect of change in length

• Thickness- 50 nm, material – carbon, pressure-16 Kpa



Effects of change in length on sensor performance



Effect of change in thickness

Length – 6 μm , material – carbon, pressure-16 Kpa



Effects of change in thickness on sensor performance



Effect of change in material

Length – 6 μm , thickness- 50 nm, pressure-16 Kpa



Effects of change in material on sensor performance



Result

• Length – 6 μ m , thickness- 50 nm, material- carbon

pressure (mmHg)	displacement(nm)	pressure(Kpa)
80	0.26547	11
90	0.28961	12
120	0.38615	13
140	0.45855	14
150	0.48268	15

Pressure vs displacement



Results of simulation





Contd...

Graphical representation of displacement of the nanotube corresponding to the applied pressure





Conclusion

- Material gold shows high sensitivity
- Material biocompatible
- Functionalize



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Acknowledgement

- P.S.G College of Technology
- **Dr. A. Kandaswamy**, HOD, Department of Biomedical Engineering
- Mrs. Nithya, Lab Assistant, Department of Biomedical Engineering
- Mr. Aravindh, Mr.Dinesh, Research Scholars, PSG IAS
- **Dr.N.N. karthik**, Bilroth hospital, Chennai
- Mr. Bala, M.Tech Scholar, PSG CT



Thank you