



# Push or pull: how does silk flow?

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Supervisor: Dr Chris Holland

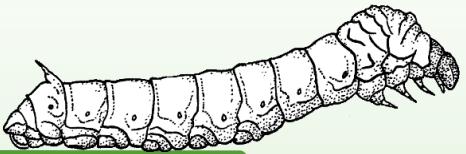
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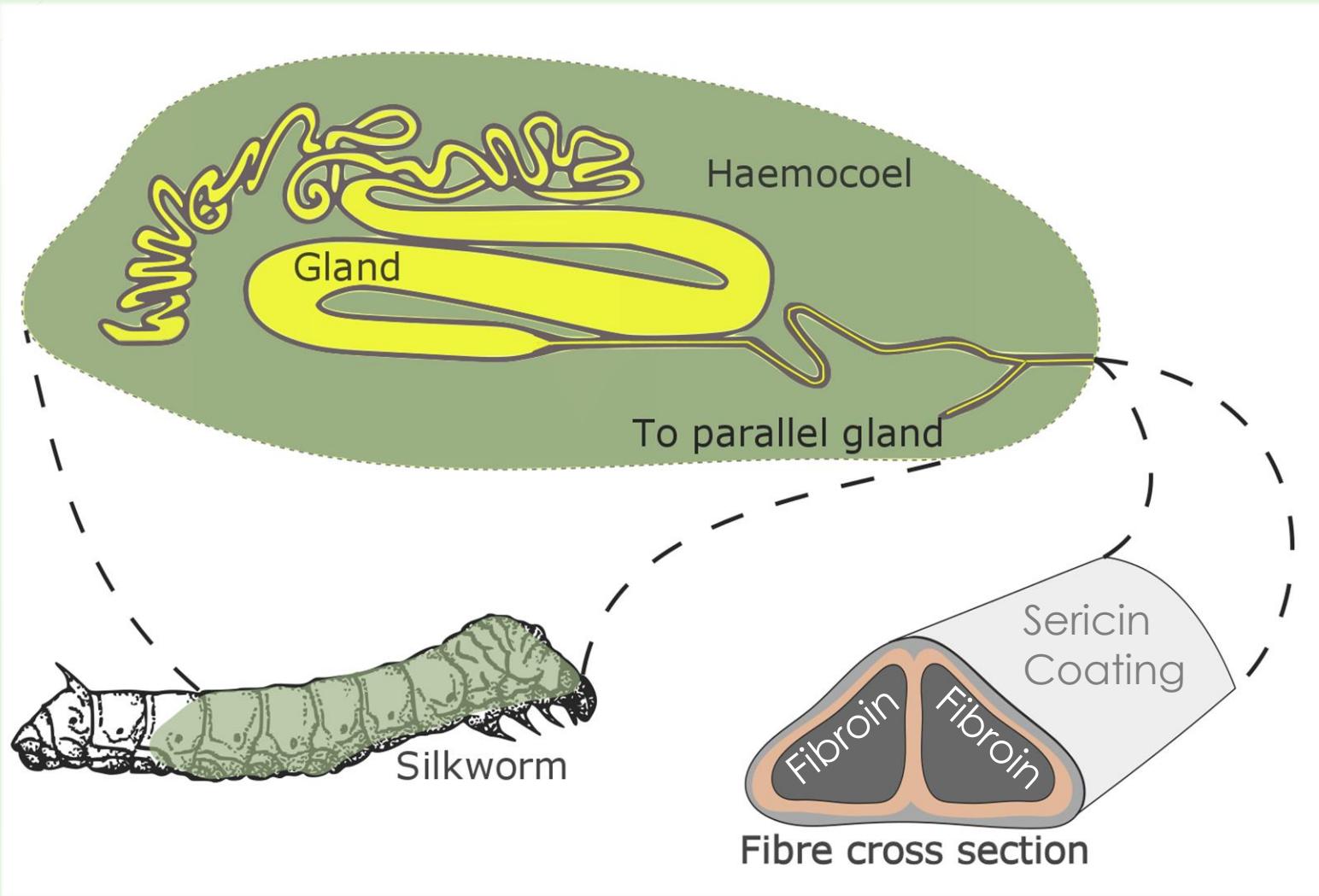
# Introduction – Where are silks from?

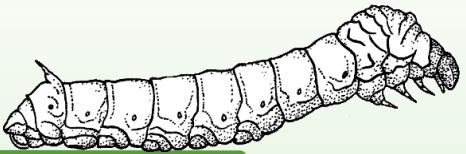




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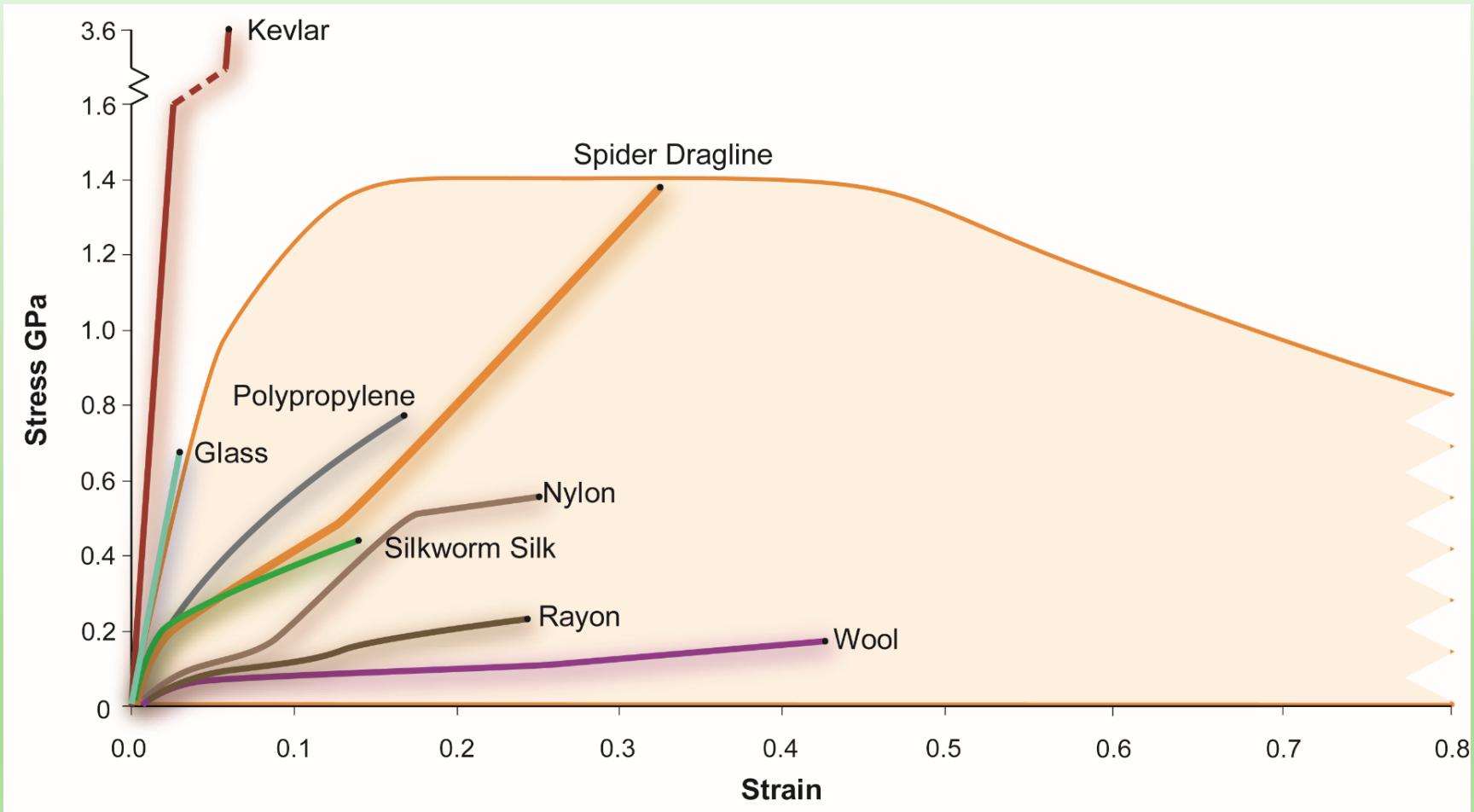
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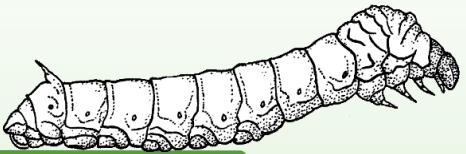




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# Why we are interested in silk

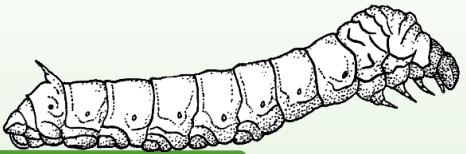




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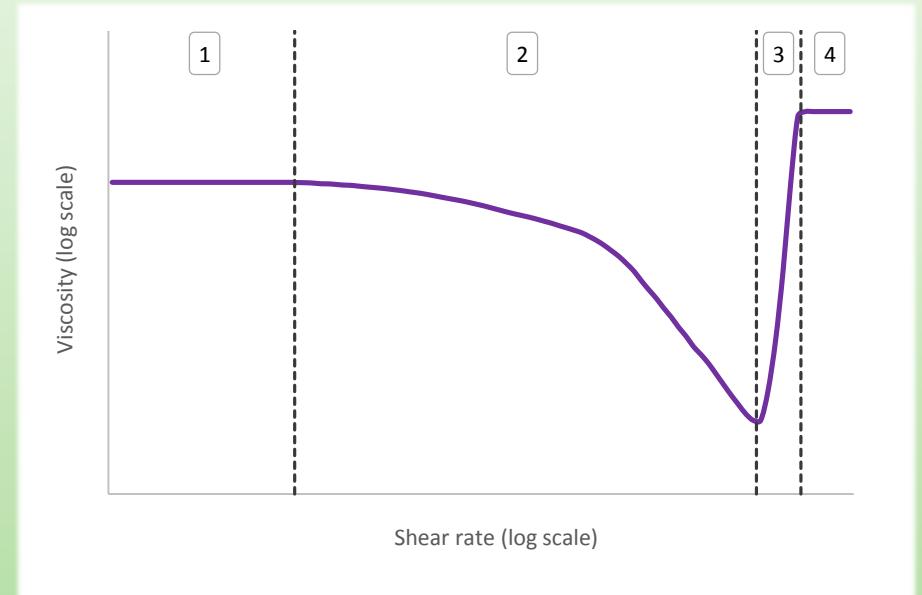
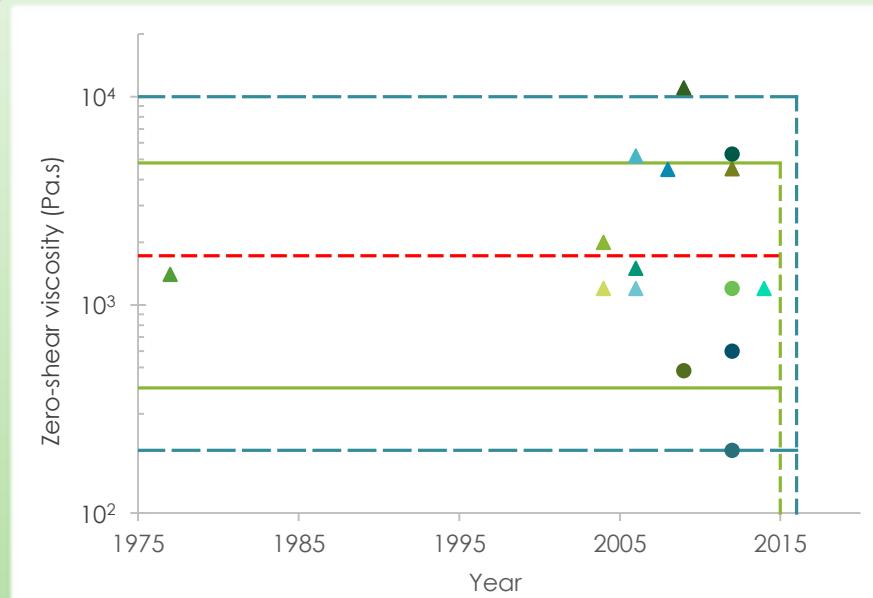
# Aims and objectives

- ▶ Explore how geometric and fluid properties affect silk spinning
- ▶ Identify which parameters are crucial for spinning silk
- ▶ Define a pressure based spinning domain
- ▶ Determine whether silk is extruded (pushed) or pultruded (pulled).

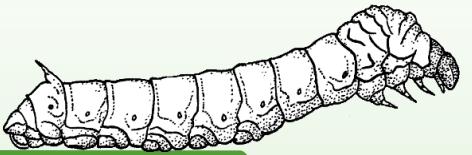


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# Fibroin rheology

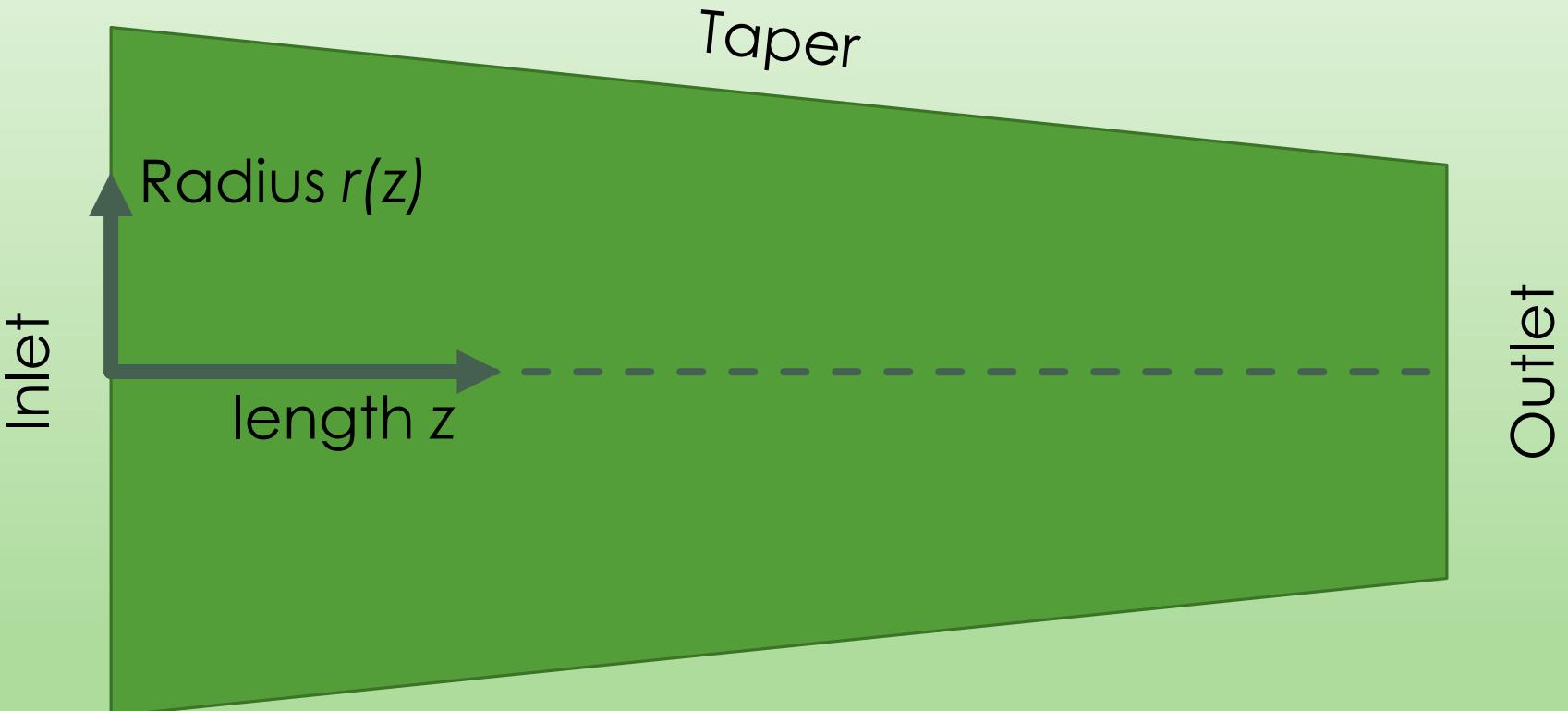


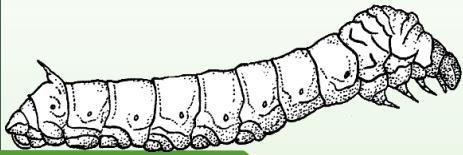
$$\eta(\dot{\gamma}) = \eta(\dot{\gamma}) = \eta_0(1 + (\lambda\dot{\gamma})^a)^{\frac{n-1}{a}} \lambda^{\frac{n-1}{a}}$$



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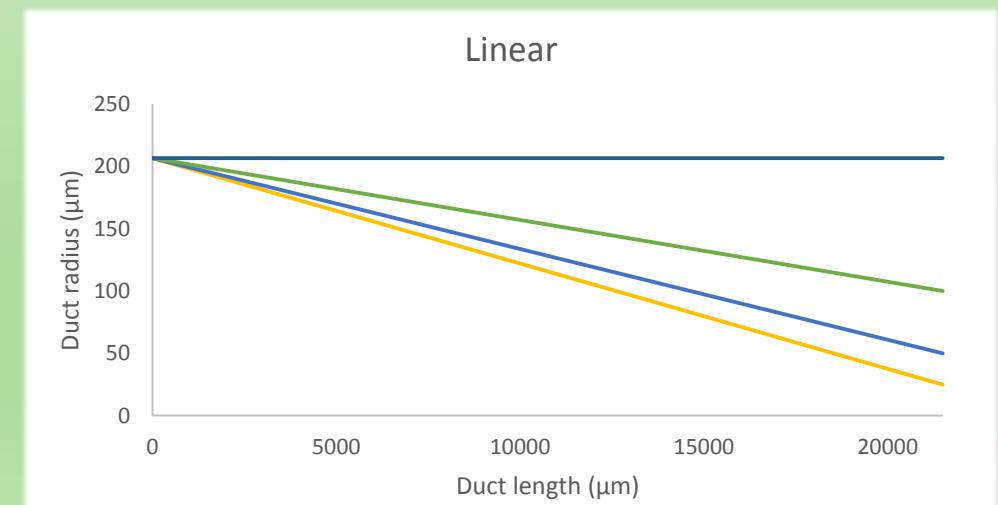
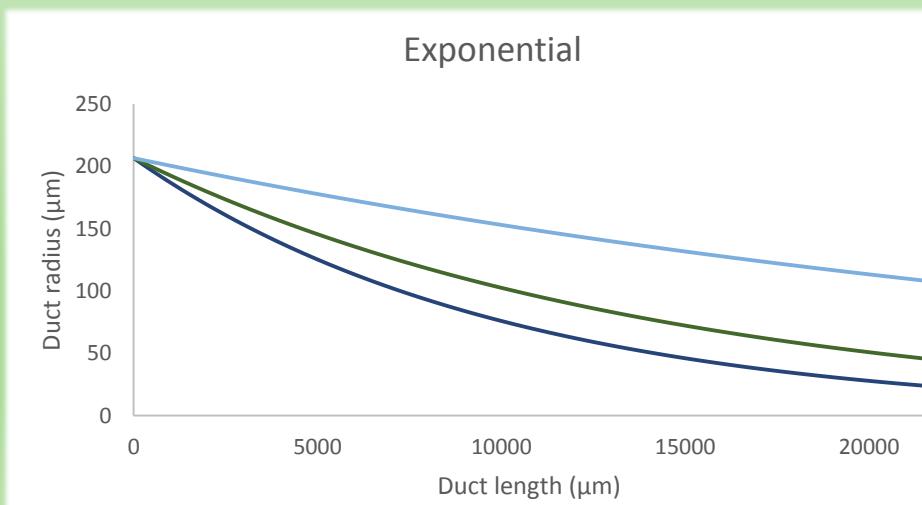
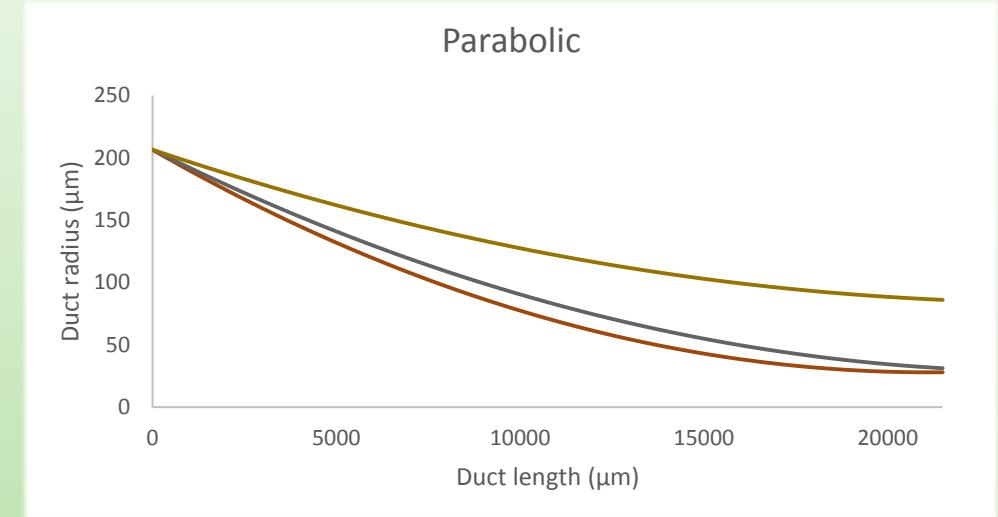
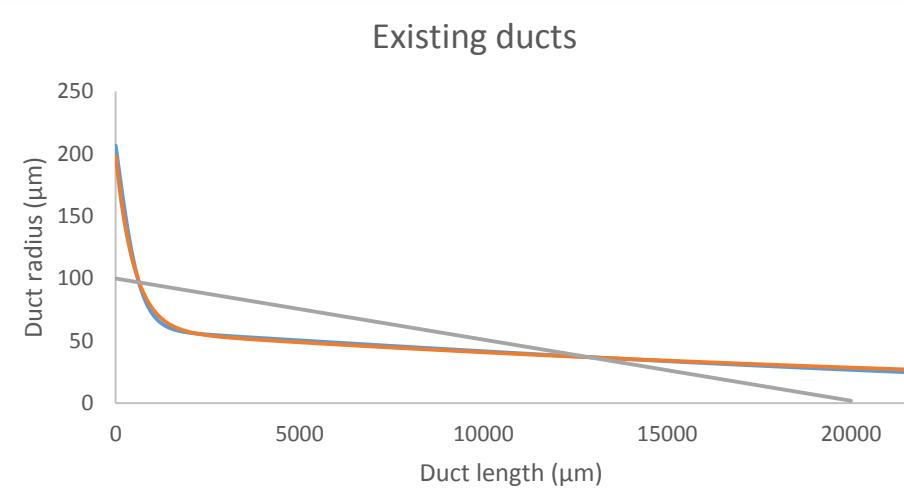
## Duct geometries – general form

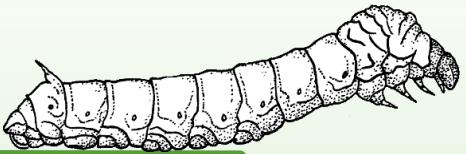




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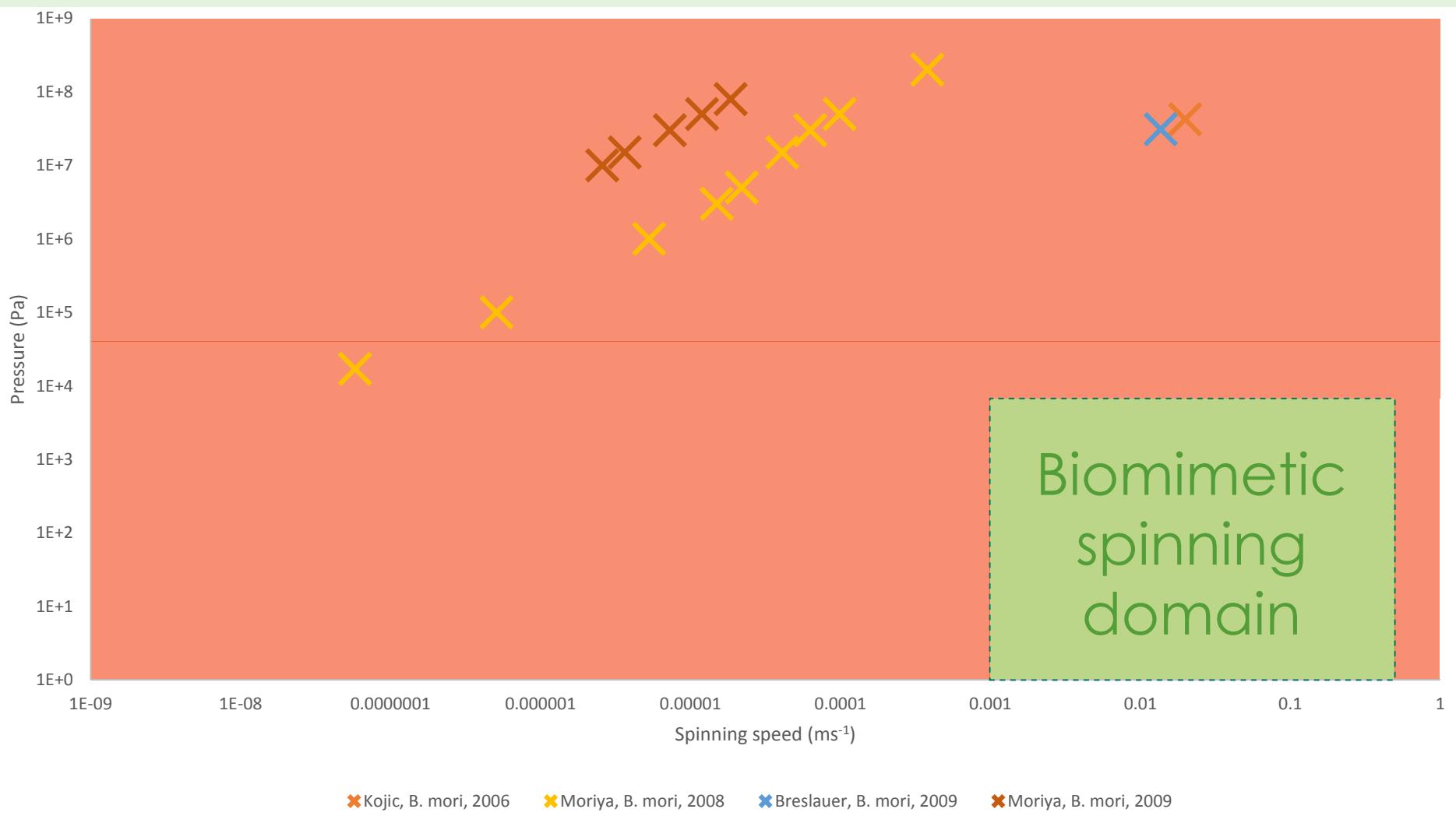
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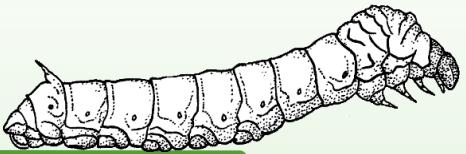




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# Properties of fiber spinning under different spinning conditions





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## Methods

Model conditions:

- Generalised Navier-Stokes equations
- Slip/No slip boundary
- Axisymmetric, Laminar flow

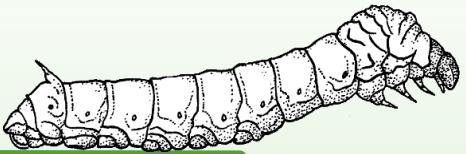
### Geometric taper

- Hyperbolic
- Exponential
- Parabolic
- Linear

### Rheology

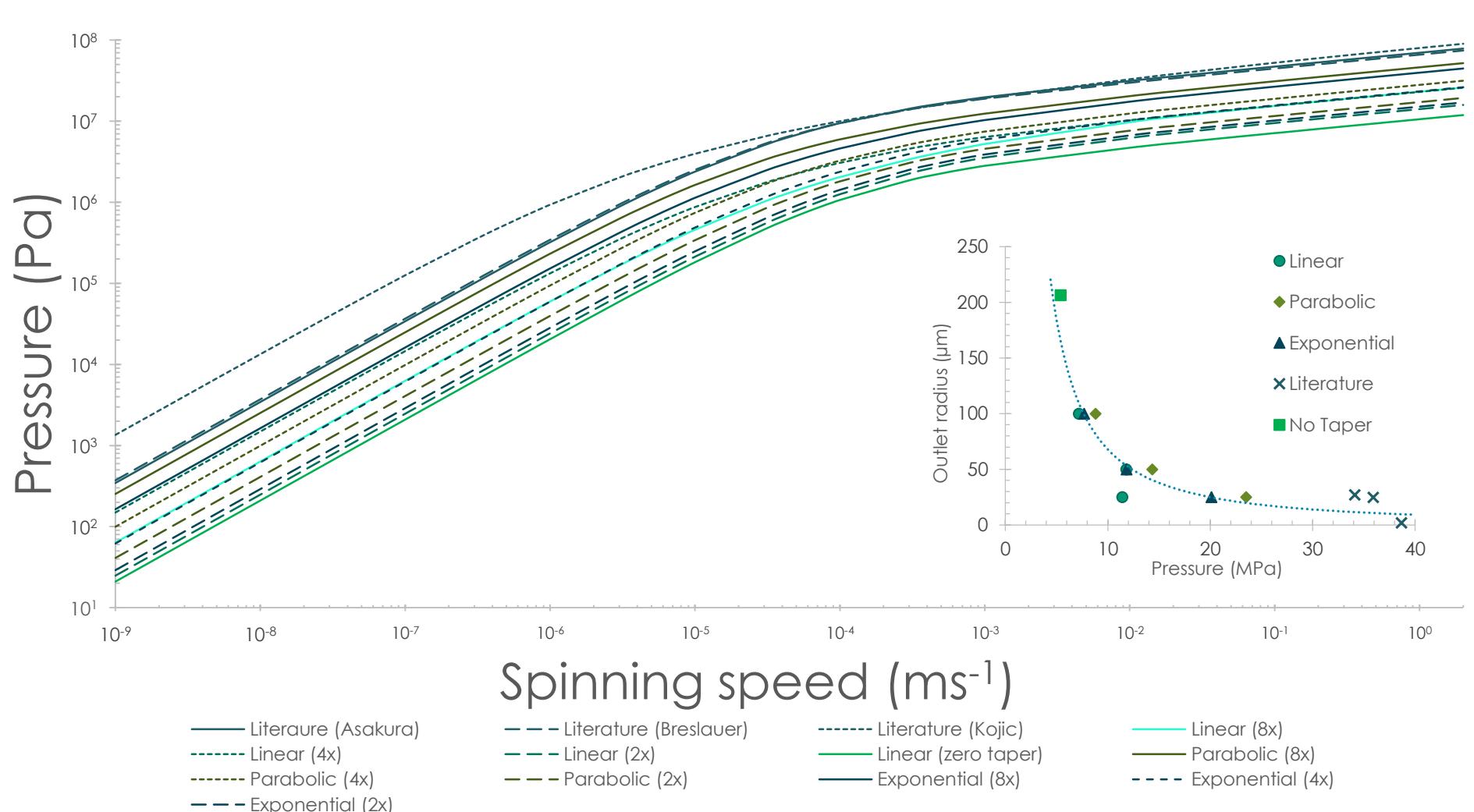
Shear thinning fluid – Simplified Carreau-Yasuda model.

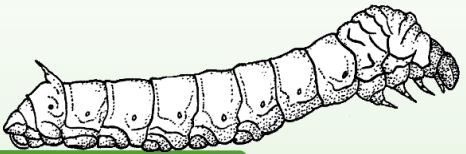
COMSOL  
Multiphysics  
– CFD  
module



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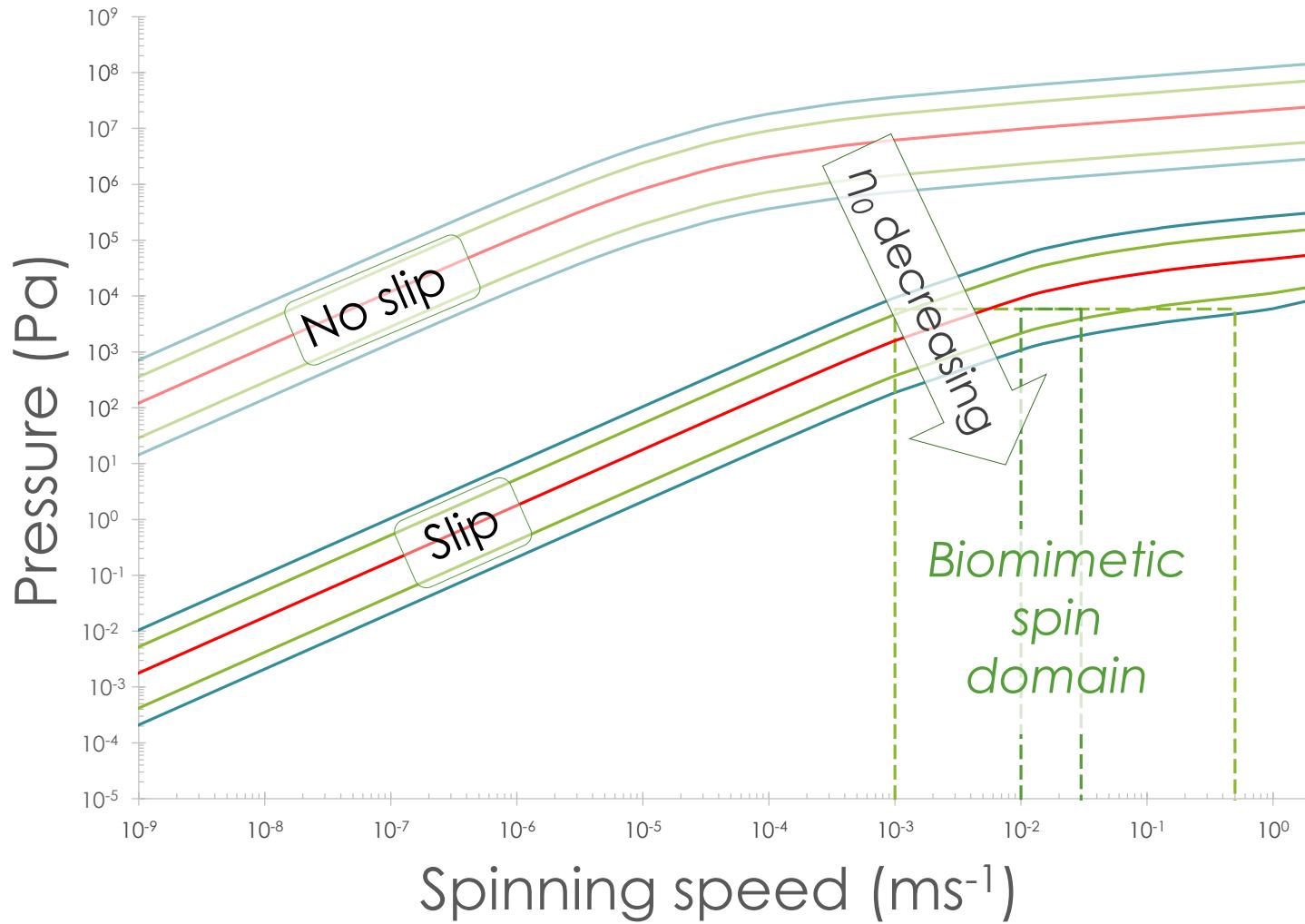
## Results - geometric effects.

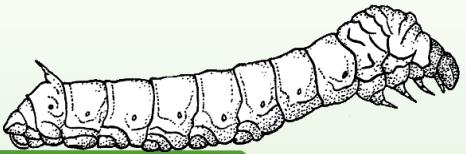




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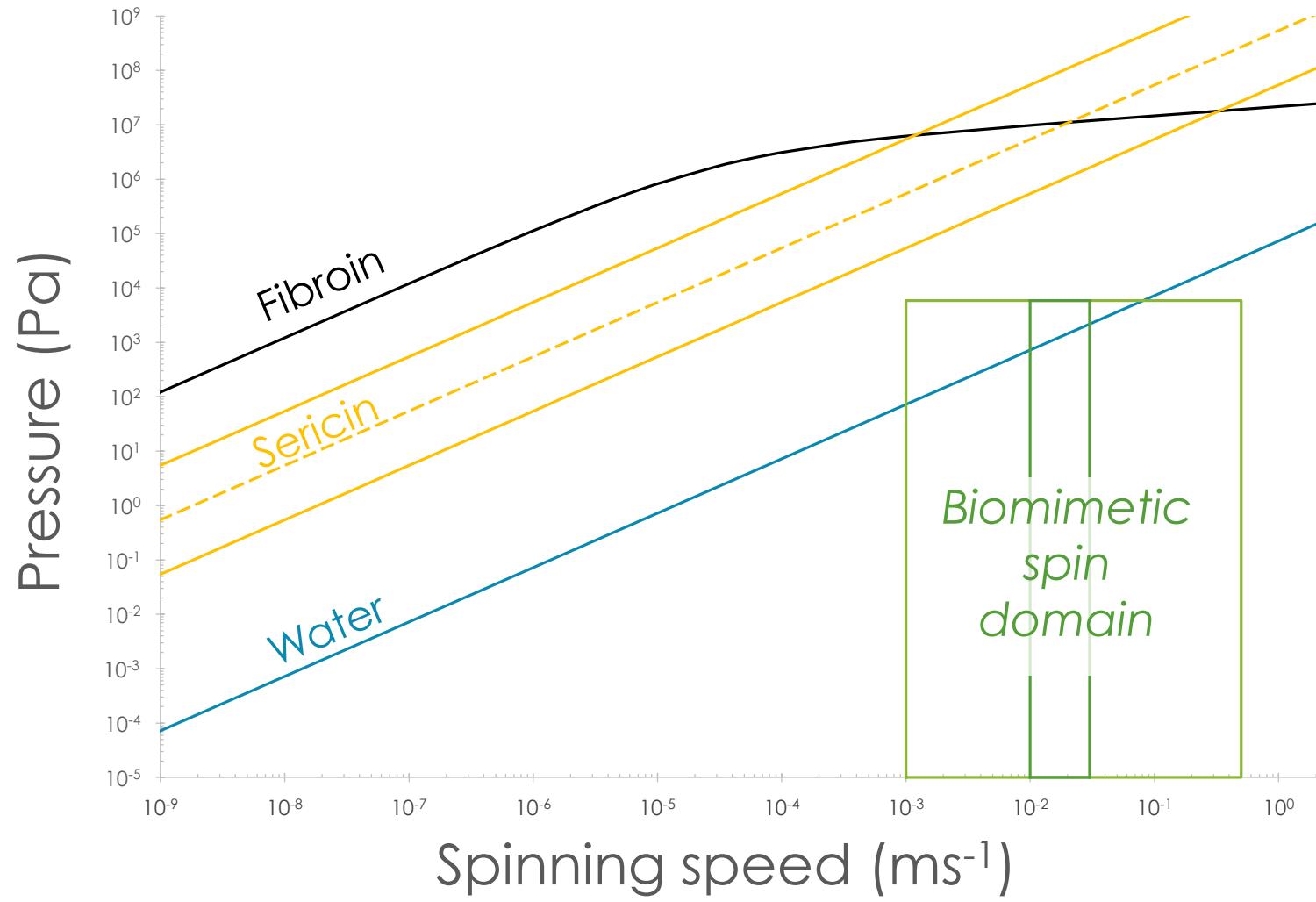
## The effect of changing the friction shear viscosity

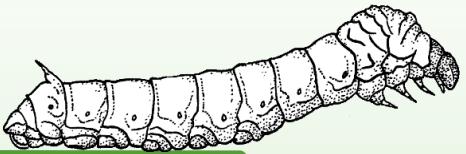




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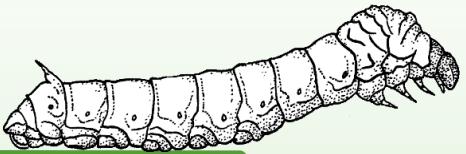
## Changing the fluid





# Conclusions

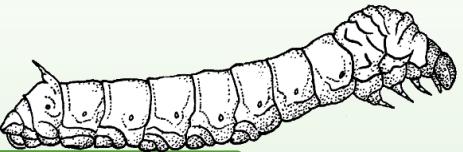
- ▶ Lower pressure requirements can come from:
  - ▶ Reduced wall friction
  - ▶ Larger outlet
  - ▶ Less dramatic tapers
  - ▶ Lower zero-shear viscosity
- ▶ Generated pressure cannot be directed.
- ▶ Silk is **pulled** from the gland.
- ▶ Single phase models are not sufficiently accurate.



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## Next steps

- ▶ Develop two phase flow models
- ▶ Rheological characterisation of sericin



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# Acknowledgements

- ▶ Dr Chris Holland, Dr Pete Laity, and the rest of the Natural Materials Group for their help and guidance
- ▶ The University of Sheffield and EPSRC for their financial support.



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# Any questions?

Either way, thanks for listening.